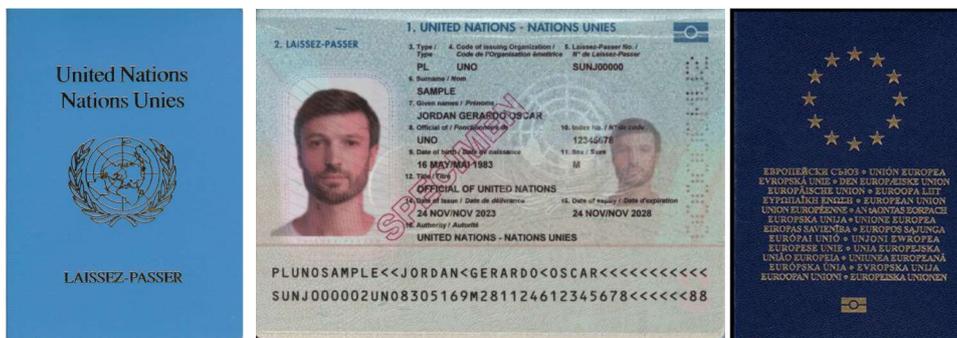


Please note that:

- Refugees do not lose their citizenship, Therefore, always refer to the immigration rules applicable to the passenger's nationality.
- A refugee travel document does not grant the right to return to the country of nationality or previous permanent residence.
- A refugee travel document may look very similar to a national passport issued by the host country; **therefore, extra attention is required.**

LAISSEZ-PASSER

The Laissez-passer is an official travel document issued by governments or international organizations such as the EU, UN, Red Cross, etc. It authorizes travel and it is often used as a substitute for a passport or for specific official duty-travels, especially in cases of lack of citizenship, statelessness, or humanitarian needs.



Please note that:

- A laissez-passer is not a passport but a travel document subject to specific rules that vary by destination country. Always verify the entry (or transit) requirements using TIMATIC.

LATEST ERRORS

There has been an increase in incorrect classification of these three types of documents.

Examples include:

- Refugee travel documents were incorrectly entered as ordinary passports.
- Laissez-Passer documents mistakenly entered as diplomatic passports.

These errors have resulted in negative responses from **Auto Document Check (ADC)** and have caused situations where passengers did not possess the correct documentation for their destination.

Remember: always verify that passengers hold all required documents for every country on their itinerary (including transit stations) and ensure that these are valid, genuine and presented by the rightful holder.